

Company Registration No. 02859569 (England and Wales)

GALLERY LARAINÉ (SUSSEX) LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



GALLERY LARAINÉ (SUSSEX) LIMITED

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GALLERY LARAINÉ (SUSSEX) LIMITED**BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		494		658
Current assets					
Stocks		19,901		25,595	
Debtors	4	-		1,360	
Cash at bank and in hand		88		1,568	
		<u>19,989</u>		<u>28,523</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	<u>(5,607)</u>		<u>(6,566)</u>	
Net current assets			<u>14,382</u>		<u>21,957</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>14,876</u>		<u>22,615</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(110,457)		(112,069)
Net liabilities			<u>(95,581)</u>		<u>(89,454)</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		19,221		19,221
Profit and loss reserves			(114,802)		(108,675)
Total equity			<u>(95,581)</u>		<u>(89,454)</u>

GALLERY LARAINÉ (SUSSEX) LIMITED

**BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

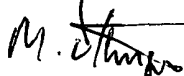
For the financial year ended 30 September 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

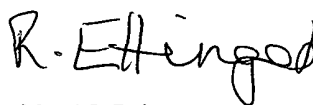
The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 April 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:



Mr M D S Ettinger
Director



Mrs J R Ettinger
Director

Company Registration No. 02859569

GALLERY LARAINÉ (SUSSEX) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Gallery Laraine (Sussex) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 30-32 Gildredge Road, Eastbourne, East Sussex, BN21 4SH.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the balance sheet date the company had a deficit on shareholders funds of £95,581. Included in 'Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year' is an amount of £110,457 owing to the directors and major shareholders, Mr and Mrs Ettinger, and close members of their family. They have indicated their continued financial support for the company for the foreseeable future.

Based upon the above, the directors consider it appropriate that the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

GALLERY LARAINÉ (SUSSEX) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment	25% p.a. reducing balance
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

GALLERY LARAINÉ (SUSSEX) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

GALLERY LARAINÉ (SUSSEX) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2016 - 2).

GALLERY LARAINÉ (SUSSEX) LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

3	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and machinery etc
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 October 2016 and 30 September 2017		2,652
			—
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 October 2016		1,994
	Depreciation charged in the year		164
			—
	At 30 September 2017		2,158
			—
	Carrying amount		
	At 30 September 2017		494
			—
	At 30 September 2016		658
			—
4	Debtors		
		2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	-	1,360
		—	—
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	163
	Trade creditors	2,346	3,143
	Other creditors	3,261	3,260
		—	—
		5,607	6,566
		—	—

GALLERY LARAINÉ (SUSSEX) LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Other creditors	110,457	112,069
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
7	Called up share capital	2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	19,221 Ordinary shares of £1 each	19,221	19,221
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		<u>19,221</u>	<u>19,221</u>
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>