

Alma Products Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

Registered number 01665868

For the year ended 31 December 2012

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Directors' report

The directors present their directors' report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Group and Company are the manufacture and marketing of plastic products, primarily multi and mono-layered sheet for the food industry and the manufacture of thermoforming cups and trays for the food packaging market. In addition, the Group and Company is involved in the use of recycled materials for non-food applications.

Business review

In 2012 trading conditions in the plastics industry, not for the first time, proved to be challenging as polymer prices continued to increase. In the case of polystyrene, the Company's primary raw material, prices increased by more than twenty-five percent during the year to an all-time record high.

As previously reported the Company is able to pass through polymer price movements to its customer base, although with time delays. Over the past few years management has actively worked to reduce such time delays to the minimum possible. The Company's profitability is sensitive to polymer price developments and therefore requires careful management and control of pricing arrangements with both suppliers and customers. In previous reports the directors asserted that they believed that they had in place the pricing systems required to accommodate the desired profitability levels on a long term basis. This view remains unchanged despite the unprecedented high prices experienced in 2012 which are also expected to continue in 2013.

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company continue to revolve around potentially volatile polymer prices and the on-going refusal of UK and European retailers to compensate suppliers in full for the continued increases in energy, transport and ancillary packaging material costs - all of which are due to factors beyond the control of the Company.

The Company's key performance indicators are sales volumes in tonnes processed and the average margin and contribution to overheads achieved.

Revenues for the year for the Company fell significantly from the previous financial year due to the loss of the Company's largest customer, announced at the end of 2011 and referred to and reported on in the 2011 Annual Report. As previously mentioned this was a strategic decision taken by that customer to source the materials purchased from Alma Products from an associated company. Despite the loss of this business and the exceptionally high raw material prices the Company reported a minor profit for the year.

The Company's focus continues to be on the production of material for the food packaging market which continues to be much less affected in general terms by the economic slowdown than other industrial companies/segments. The food product packaged with the Company's products are seen by consumers as integral and necessary items on the daily menu rather than something they can or will easily defer from. As a result the Company's main business segment continues to hold up reasonably well.

The Company continues to work on a number of new projects to provide the replacement revenue to compensate for the customer loss referred to above. The directors are pleased to report that a new contract has been secured with a major European packaging group for the supply of extruded sheet. This contract is for an extended period. The scale-up for this new business commenced during the second quarter of 2013 but will not be fully on stream until the fourth quarter as some minor investments are required to existing machinery and equipment. In addition the Company continues to focus on the manufacture of thermoformed articles as this is seen by the directors as the catalyst to ensuring future continued growth and stable profitability.

Directors' report *(continued)*

As previously announced in last year's report on 20th August 2012 as part of the sale of a former group company Alma Products Limited acquired 100% of the shares of Alma Extrusions AG, Switzerland by way of a capital contribution by Plasticos International B.V. in the amount of €4,734,000 (£3,720,000). After review the Directors decided to adopt a prudent approach and make a fair value adjustment at the date of acquisition and reduce the value recorded in its financial statements to £2,383,000.

Alma Extrusions AG is a niche market player, predominantly producing specialist high added value multi-layer extruded sheet primarily for long shelf life applications. Since the date of acquisition the Company has performed in line with management expectations and contributed £17,000 to the overall net financial result. The year 2012 has been largely a transitional year with extensive development work being completed on a number of new projects. Management is pleased to report that one such key project has come to fruition which will have a significant positive impact on the future profitability of this business.

The directors remain confident in the company's future growth potential. As of the date of this report J S Dick was the sole shareholder of the Company.

The consolidated result before taxation for the year ended 31 December 2012, before exceptional items of £Nil (2011 £3,487,000), was a profit of £65,000 (2011 £756,000). A dividend of £nil (2011 £nil) has been paid.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

H W Kessler
D Blundell
J S Dick
H R Wild

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By order of the board



D Blundell
Secretary

18b Evenwood Close
Daresbury Court
Manor Park
Runcorn
Cheshire
WA7 1LZ

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities



KPMG LLP

8 Princes Parade
Liverpool
L3 1QH
United Kingdom

Independent auditor's report to the members of Alma Products Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Alma Products Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 set out on pages 6 to 24. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of the group's profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Alma Products Limited (*continued*)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

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Hywel Jones (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
8 Princes Parade
Liverpool
L3 1QH

30 September 2013

Consolidated Profit and Loss Account
for the year ended 31 December 2012

	<i>Note</i>	Group 2012 £000	Group 2012 £000	Group 2011 £000	Group 2011 £000
Group turnover	2,3				
Continuing operations		9,468		18,525	
Acquisitions		3,614		-	
		<hr/>	13,082	<hr/>	18,525
Change in stocks of finished goods			(282)		234
Other operating income			151		126
			<hr/>		<hr/>
			12,951		18,885
Raw materials and consumables			(8,916)		(14,212)
Staff costs	4,5		(1,924)		(1,653)
Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible and intangible fixed assets	3		(746)		(563)
Other operating charges (including exceptional items of £Nil (2011 £3,487,000))	3		(1,321)		(5,161)
			<hr/>		<hr/>
Group operating profit/(loss)	3				
Continuing operations		14		(2,704)	
Acquisitions		30		-	
		<hr/>	44	<hr/>	(2,704)
Interest receivable and similar income	6		101		85
Interest payable and similar charges	7		(81)		(112)
			<hr/>		<hr/>
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	2-7		64		(2,731)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	8		(1)		254
			<hr/>		<hr/>
Profit/(loss) for the financial year			65		(2,477)
			<hr/> <hr/>		<hr/> <hr/>

The turnover and operating profits are derived from continuing operations in both the current and preceding years
Notes from pages 11 to 24 form part of the financial statements

Consolidated Balance Sheet
at 31 December 2012

	<i>Note</i>	2012 £000	2012 £000	2011 £000	2011 £000
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	<i>9</i>	62		66	
Tangible assets	<i>10</i>	4,825		2,985	
		<u> </u>	4,887	<u> </u>	3,051
 Current assets					
Stocks	<i>12</i>	1,281		897	
Debtors	<i>13</i>	3,415		3,007	
Cash at bank and in hand		452		24	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	<i>14</i>	5,148 (5,749)		3,928 (5,102)	
		<u> </u>	(601)	<u> </u>	(1,174)
Net current liabilities			(601)		(1,174)
 Total assets less current liabilities			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	<i>15</i>		(879)		(958)
Provisions for liabilities	<i>16</i>		-		-
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net assets			3,407		919
 Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	<i>18</i>		1,000		1,000
Capital contribution			2,383		-
Revaluation reserve	<i>19</i>		325		337
Profit and loss account	<i>19</i>		(301)		(418)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Equity			3,407		919
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>


These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 30 September 2013 and were signed on its behalf by


D Blundell
 Director

Company Balance Sheet
at 31 December 2012

	<i>Note</i>	2012 £000	2012 £000	2011 £000	2011 £000
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	<i>9</i>	28		66	
Investments	<i>11</i>	2,383		-	
Tangible assets	<i>10</i>	2,279		2,985	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
			4,690		3,051
Current assets					
Stocks	<i>12</i>	526		897	
Debtors	<i>13</i>	2,245		3,007	
Cash at bank and in hand		325		24	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	<i>14</i>	3,096 (3,961)		3,928 (5,102)	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Net current liabilities			(865)		(1,174)
			<hr/>		<hr/>
Total assets less current liabilities			3,825		1,877
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	<i>15</i>		(476)		(958)
Provisions for liabilities	<i>16</i>		-		-
			<hr/>		<hr/>
Net assets			3,349		919
			<hr/>		<hr/>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	<i>18</i>		1,000		1,000
Capital contribution			2,383		-
Revaluation reserve	<i>19</i>		325		337
Profit and loss account	<i>19</i>		(359)		(418)
			<hr/>		<hr/>
Equity			3,349		919
			<hr/> <hr/>		<hr/> <hr/>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 30 September 2013 and were signed on its behalf by


 D Blundell
 Director

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2012

	<i>Note</i>	Group 2012 £000	Group 2012 £000	Group 2011 £000	Group 2011 £000
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash flow from operating activities					
Operating profit (loss)			44		(2,704)
Depreciation and amortisation charges		746		563	
Amortisation of government grants		(38)		(39)	
Decrease/(Increase) in stocks		443		(422)	
Decrease in debtors		444		2,657	
(Increase)/Decrease in creditors		(1,157)		301	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		128		-	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
			566		3,060
Net cash inflow from operating activities			<u>610</u>		<u>356</u>
Consolidated cash flow statement					
Cash flow from operating activities			610		356
Capital expenditure and financial investment	22		(8)		(90)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Cash inflow before financing			602		266
Financing	22		(174)		(382)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Increase / (decrease) in cash in the period			<u>428</u>		<u>(116)</u>
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt					
			2012 £000		2011 £000
Increase / (decrease) in cash in the year			428		(116)
Cash inflow from increase in borrowings – Bank finance on trade debtors			(443)		(174)
Cash outflow from decrease in borrowings – Bank loan and overdraft repaid			191		93
Change in intercompany debt			-		45
Repayment of finance lease and hire purchase contracts			394		410
Loans and finance leases acquired on acquisition			(938)		-
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Movement in net debt in the year			(368)		258
Net debt at 31 December 2011			(1,975)		(2,233)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net debt at 31 December 2012			<u>(2,343)</u>		<u>(1,975)</u>

Note of Consolidated Historical Cost Profits and Losses
for the year ended 31 December 2012

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Reported profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	64	(2,731)
Difference between a historical cost depreciation charge and the actual depreciation charge calculated on the revalued amount	12	12
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Historical cost profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	76	(2,719)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Historical cost profit/(loss) for the year retained after taxation	75	(2,465)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Statement of Consolidated Total Recognised Gains and Losses
for the year ended 31 December 2012

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Profit for the financial year	65	(2,477)
Foreign exchange gains on translation of foreign subsidiary	40	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net profits recognised directly in equity	105	(2,465)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total recognised profit relating to the financial year	105	(2,465)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements except as noted below

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertaking made up to 31 December 2012. The acquisition method of accounting has been adopted. Under this method, the results of subsidiary undertakings acquired or disposed of in the period are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal.

Under Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the Company is exempt from the requirement to present its own profit and loss account.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, notwithstanding net current liabilities of £601,000, which the directors believe to be appropriate as after making due enquiries and having reviewed the Company's forecasts and projections, taking into account reasonably possible changes in trading performance and availability of credit facilities, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Fixed assets and depreciation

The directors have adopted a policy of revaluation to freehold land and buildings. These financial statements incorporate a professional valuation of land and buildings, which was undertaken as at 2008.

Any surplus over net book values arising from the revaluation of fixed assets is credited to a revaluation reserve. Any deficit from net book values is charged to the profit and loss account unless the deficit is matched by a previous revaluation surplus on the same asset. To the extent that the depreciation charge for the year relates to an unrealised surplus, a transfer is made from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold buildings	-	2 - 20% per annum
Plant and machinery	-	10 - 33 3% per annum
Fixtures and fittings	-	20 - 33 3% per annum

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

Costs include directly attributable finance costs.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the previous month end date to the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains and losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

The assets and liabilities of overseas subsidiary undertakings are translated at the closing exchange rate and the profit and loss accounts are translated at the average rate. Gains and losses arising on these translations are taken to reserves, net of exchange differences arising on related foreign currency borrowings.

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies *(continued)*

Post retirement benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and outstanding future lease obligations are shown in creditors. Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease. Assets purchased under hire purchase agreements are depreciated over the useful economic life of the asset.

Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research and development is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred. Development expenditure is capitalised only where there is a clearly defined project, the expenditure is separately identifiable, the outcome of the project can be assessed with reasonable certainty, aggregate costs are expected to exceed related future sales and adequate resources exist to enable the project to be completed. Capitalisation ceases and amortisation begins when the product becomes available to customers. The amortisation period of these capitalised assets is from three to five years.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In determining the cost of raw materials, consumables and goods purchased for resale, the actual cost is used. For work in progress and finished goods cost is taken as production cost, which includes an appropriate proportion of attributable overheads.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers. Turnover is recognised on despatch.

Notes (continued)

2 Analysis of turnover

	Group 2012 £000	2011 £000	Company 2012 £000	2011 £000
<i>By geographical market</i>				
Sale of plastic products:				
United Kingdom	8,425	15,417	8,425	15,417
Overseas	4,657	3,108	1,043	3,108
	13,082	18,525	9,468	18,525

3 Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

	Group 2012 £000	Group 2011 £000
<i>Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:</i>		
Auditors' remuneration		
Audit of these financial statements	16	16
Other services relating to taxation	6	6
Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible fixed assets		
Owned	299	167
Leased	409	349
Amortisation of government grant	(38)	(37)
Hire of plant and machinery - rentals payable under operating leases	46	46
Hire of other assets - operating leases	111	111
Research and development		
Amortisation of deferred expenditure	38	47
Management charges	123	258
Exchange losses	-	2
Exceptional Items		
Impairment of intercompany debtors	-	3,487
<i>After crediting</i>		
Exchange gains	37	-

An impairment charge of £nil (2011 £3,487,000) was made during the year against receivables due from certain fellow group companies due to the lack of financial resources of certain other group companies. The tax impact of the impairment charge was a £474,000 credit to the corporation tax charge in the prior year.

Notes (continued)

4 Remuneration of directors

	Group 2012 £000	Group 2011 £000
Directors' emoluments	320	325
Company contributions to money purchase schemes	46	41
	366	366
	366	366

Retirement benefits are accruing to two directors (2011 two) under money purchase schemes

The aggregate of emoluments and amounts received under long term incentive schemes of the highest paid director was £185,000 (2011 £185,000)

5 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the Group (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows

	Number of employees	
	Group 2012	Group 2011
Administration	8	6
Production	64	50
Sales	3	3
	75	59
	75	59

The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows

	Group 2012 £000	Group 2011 £000
Wages and salaries	1,676	1,460
Social security costs	202	151
Other pension costs	46	42
	1,924	1,653
	1,924	1,653

6 Other interest receivable and similar income

	Group 2012 £000	Group 2011 £000
Intercompany interest	64	85
Net exchange gains	37	-
	101	85
	101	85

Notes (continued)

7 Interest payable and similar charges

	Group 2012 £000	Group 2011 £000
On bank loans and overdrafts	67	87
Finance charges payable in respect of finance leases and hire purchase contracts	14	23
Net exchange losses	-	2
	81	112
	81	112

8 Taxation

	Group 2012 £000	Group 2011 £000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax at 24.5% (2011 26.5%)	-	-
Overseas tax	(1)	-
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	-	1
Total current tax	(1)	1
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	(255)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	(1)	(254)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The standard rate of tax applied to the profit/loss on ordinary activities before taxation is a hybrid rate of 24.5%. The current tax charge for the period is lower (2011 higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK during the year of 24.5% (2011 26.5%). The differences are explained below

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	64	(2,731)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24.5% (2011 26.5%)	16	(724)
Effects of		
Other timing differences	-	(11)
Depreciation for year in excess of capital allowances	77	38
Adjustments in tax in respect of previous periods	1	2
Movement in tax losses	(82)	307
Expenses not deductible for tax / income not taxable	(10)	389
Difference in overseas tax rate	(3)	-
Current tax charge for period	(1)	1

Factors affecting the future tax charge

Reductions in the UK corporation tax rate from 26% to 24% (effective from 1 April 2012) and to 23% (effective 1 April 2013) were substantively enacted on 26 March 2012 and 3 July 2012 respectively. Further reductions to 21% (effective from 1 April 2014) and 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) were substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly.

Notes (continued)

9 Intangible fixed assets

Group	Marketable Securities £000	Printing Plates £000	Development costs £000	Total £000
<i>Cost or valuation</i>				
At beginning of year	-	31	337	368
Acquired in business combination	34	-	-	34
At end of year	34	31	337	402
<i>Amortisation</i>				
At beginning of year	-	13	289	302
Charge for year	-	13	25	38
At end of year	-	26	314	340
<i>Net book value</i>				
At 31 December 2012	34	5	23	62
At 31 December 2011	-	18	48	66

Company	Printing Plates £000	Development costs £000	Total £000
<i>Cost or valuation</i>			
At beginning of year	31	337	368
At end of year	31	337	368
<i>Amortisation</i>			
At beginning of year	13	289	302
Charge for year	13	25	38
At end of year	26	314	340
<i>Net book value</i>			
At 31 December 2012	5	23	28
At 31 December 2011	18	48	66

Notes (continued)

10 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Freehold land and buildings £000	Plant and machinery £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Total £000
<i>Cost or valuation</i>				
At beginning of year	683	7,213	154	8,050
Acquired in business combination	697	2,018	1	2,716
Additions	9	20	-	29
Disposals	-	-	(10)	(10)
At end of year	1,389	9,251	145	10,785
<i>Depreciation</i>				
At beginning of year	102	4,822	141	5,065
Charge for year	53	647	8	708
Impairment losses	-	197	-	197
Disposals	-	-	(10)	(10)
At end of year	155	5,666	139	5,960
<i>Net book value</i>				
At 31 December 2012	1,234	3,585	6	4,825
At 31 December 2011	581	2,391	13	2,985

Included in the total net book value of tangible fixed assets is £1,909,000 (2011 £1,876,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases and similar hire purchase contracts. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £509,000 (2011 £349,000)

Company	Freehold land and buildings £000	Plant and machinery £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Total £000
<i>Cost or valuation</i>				
At beginning of year	683	7,213	154	8,050
Additions	-	18	-	18
Disposals	-	-	(10)	(10)
At end of year	683	7,231	144	8,058
<i>Depreciation</i>				
At beginning of year	102	4,822	141	5,065
Charge for year	22	498	7	527
Impairment losses	-	197	-	197
Disposals	-	-	(10)	(10)
At end of year	124	5,517	138	5,779
<i>Net book value</i>				
At 31 December 2012	559	1,714	6	2,279
At 31 December 2011	581	2,391	13	2,985

Notes (continued)

10 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Included in the total net book value of tangible fixed assets is £1,310,000 (2011 £1,876,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases and similar hire purchase contracts. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £359,000 (2011 £349,000)

Included within the cost of freehold land and buildings are depreciable assets of £621,000 (2011 £621,000)

The following information relates to tangible fixed assets carried on the basis of revaluation in accordance with FRS 15 Tangible Fixed Assets

Freehold land and buildings

Group and Company	2012 £000
At open market value 9 February 2008 – Full	650
Aggregate depreciation thereon	(107)
Net book value	543
Historical cost of revalued assets	430
Aggregate depreciation thereon	(265)
Historical cost net book value	165

The full valuation was performed by Dixon Webb LLP, chartered surveyors. The land and buildings were last revalued at open market value in 2008. The directors are of the opinion that there is no material difference between market value and the amounts at which freehold land and buildings have been recorded at the balance sheet date.

11 Fixed asset investments

On 20th August 2012 the Company acquired all of the shares of Alma Extrusions AG, Switzerland. The principal undertakings in which the Company's interest at the year end is more than 20% are as follows:

	Country of incorporation	Principal activity	Class and percentage of shares held Company
Subsidiary undertakings			
Alma Extrusions AG	Switzerland	Manufacturing	100% Ordinary

12 Stocks

	Group 2012 £000	2011 £000	Company 2012 £000	2011 £000
Raw materials and packaging	758	389	243	389
Finished goods and goods for resale	238	375	155	375
Engineering stocks and other consumables	285	133	128	133
	1,281	897	526	897

Notes (continued)

13 Debtors

	Group		Company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Trade debtors	3,286	1,802	2,218	1,802
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	1,139	-	1,139
Social security and other taxes	66	-	-	-
Prepayments and other debtors	63	66	27	66
	<u>3,415</u>	<u>3,007</u>	<u>2,245</u>	<u>3,007</u>

A deferred tax asset of £33,000 (2011 £33,000) in respect of trading losses has not been recognised in these financial statements as the recoverability of this asset is considered to be not sufficiently certain

14 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Bank loans and overdrafts	380	52	49	52
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts (see note 15)	423	397	355	397
Bank finance secured on trade debtors	1,172	729	1,172	729
Trade creditors	3,426	3,650	2,182	3,650
Taxation and social security	123	118	123	118
Corporation tax	59	2	-	2
Accruals and deferred income	166	154	80	154
	<u>5,749</u>	<u>5,102</u>	<u>3,961</u>	<u>5,102</u>

The bank loan and overdraft facility are secured by a second legal charge on the freehold land and buildings of the Company, and interest is charged at commercial rates

Notes (continued)

15 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Bank loan	698	346	295	346
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	122	475	122	475
Accruals and deferred income	59	137	59	137
	<u>879</u>	<u>958</u>	<u>476</u>	<u>958</u>

Accruals and deferred income represents income received from a Government grant

The bank loan is a mortgage secured by first charge upon the freehold land and buildings and interest is charged at commercial rates. Repayment is being made over a 10-year term by equal monthly instalments which are adjusted for changes in the base interest rate.

The maturity of obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts is as follows

	Group		Company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Within one year	106	29	38	29
In the second to fifth years	439	843	439	843
Over five years	-	-	-	-
	<u>545</u>	<u>872</u>	<u>477</u>	<u>872</u>

16 Provisions for liabilities

Group	Deferred
	taxation
	£000
At beginning of year	-
Credit to the profit and loss for the year	-
At end of year	<u>-</u>

The elements of deferred taxation are as follows

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Difference between accumulated depreciation and amortisation and capital allowances	-	275
Other timing differences	-	(4)
Tax losses	-	(271)
At end of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Notes (continued)

17 Acquisitions

On 20th August 2012 the Company acquired all of the shares of Alma Extrusions AG, by way of a capital contribution from Switzerland from its parent undertaking Plasticos International B V

	Book value £000	Other adjustments £000	Fair value £000
Fixed assets			
Intangible	792	(758)	34
Tangible	2,670	-	2,670
Current assets			
Stock	900	(73)	827
Debtors	1,267	(425)	842
Cash	18	-	18
Total assets	<u>5,647</u>	<u>(1,256)</u>	<u>4,391</u>
Liabilities			
Creditors	2,008	-	2,008
Total liabilities	<u>2,008</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,008</u>
Net assets	<u>3,639</u>	<u>(1,256)</u>	<u>2,383</u>
Goodwill			<u>-</u>
Purchase consideration and costs of acquisition			<u>2,383</u>

The acquired undertaking generated a loss of £1,361,000 from the beginning of its financial year to the date of acquisition. During this period the acquired undertaking generated revenue of £5,278,000, an operating loss of £38,000 with an exceptional charge to the accounts £1,256,000 in relation to write down of intangible assets. In its previous financial year commencing on 1st January 2011 the acquired undertaking generated a loss of £615,000.

18 Called up share capital

	2012 £000	'2011 £000
<i>Authorised</i>		
1,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>
<i>Allotted, called up and fully paid</i>		
1,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>

Notes (continued)

19 Share premium and reserves

Group	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account
	£000	£000
At beginning of year	337	(418)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	65
Exchange gain	-	40
Transfers	(12)	12
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At end of year	325	(301)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Company	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account
	£000	£000
At beginning of year	337	(418)
Profit for the year	-	47
Transfers	(12)	12
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At end of year	325	(359)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

20 Pension scheme

Defined contribution pension scheme

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the period represents contributions payable by the Group to the scheme and amounted to £46,000 (2011 £41,000). There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial year.

21 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	65	(2,477)
Exchange gains	40	-
Capital contribution	2,383	-
Opening shareholders' funds	919	3,396
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Closing shareholders' funds	3,407	919
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Notes *(continued)*

22 Analysis of cash flows

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Investing		
Purchase of fixed assets	(26)	(90)
Proceeds from acquisition	18	-
	(8)	(90)
	(8)	(90)
Financing		
Increase in short-term borrowing	467	128
Repayment of long term debt	(661)	(483)
New bank loan	-	-
Interest paid	(81)	(112)
Interest received	101	85
	(174)	(382)
	(174)	(382)

23 Commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows

	2012	2012	2011	2011
	Land and buildings	Other	Land and Buildings	Other
Group and Company	£000	£000	£000	£000
Operating leases which expire				
Within one year	6	16	22	46
In the second to fifth years inclusive	89	11	-	-
Over five years	-	-	89	-
	95	27	111	46
	95	27	111	46

24 Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 January 2012	Cash flow	At 31 December 2012
	£000	£000	£000
Cash at bank and in hand	24	428	452
Overdrafts	(52)	(10)	(62)
	(28)	418	390
Debt due after one year	(346)	(352)	(698)
Debt due within one year	(729)	(761)	(1,490)
Finance leases	(872)	327	(545)
	(1 975)	(368)	(2,343)
Net debt	(1 975)	(368)	(2,343)

Notes *(continued)*

25 Related Party Disclosure

As at the year end the director J S Dick owed Alma Products Limited a balance amounting to €20,953 (£16,990) in relation to the acquisition of Alma Products Limited from Plasticos International B V

As at the year end the director J S Dick owed Alma Extrusions AG a balance amounting to €26,037 (£21,112) in relation to the acquisition of Alma Products Limited from Plasticos International B V